entries during this review period. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in the Secretary's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of doubled antidumping duties.

This notice also serves as the only reminder to parties subject to administrative protective orders ("APO") of their responsibility concerning the return or destruction of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305 or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation which is subject to sanction.

We are issuing and publishing this determination and notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i) of the Act.

Dated: June 19, 2000.

Richard W. Moreland,

Acting Assistant Secretary for Import Administration.

Appendix

Issues in Decision Memo:

Changes Since the Preliminary Results

- Export Price or Constructed Export Price
 Status
- 2. Packing Expenses—Allocation of Labor Discussion of the Issues
 - 1. EP/CEP
 - a. Calculation and Allocation of U.S. Inventory Carrying Cost (Time on Water)
 - b. Calculation and Allocation of U.S.
 Inventory Carrying Cost and Credit Expense (Short-Term Borrowing Cost)
 - 2. Other AD Issues
 - a. U.S. Date of Sale
 - b. Advertising
 - c. Date of Payment

[FR Doc. 00–16103 Filed 6–23–00; 8:45 am] $\tt BILLING\ CODE\ 3510–DS–U$

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[I.D. 052400C]

Endangered and Threatened Species; Notice of Availability for the Draft Recovery Plan for Johnson's Seagrass

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice of availability of a draft recovery plan; request for comments.

SUMMARY: NMFS announces the availability of the draft recovery plan for Johnson's seagrass (*Halophila johnsonii*), a marine plant listed as

threatened under the Endangered Species Act (ESA). NMFS is soliciting review and comment from the public on the draft plan, and will consider these comments in the preparation of a final recovery plan.

DATES: Comments on the draft recovery plan must be received no later than 5 p.m., Eastern standard time, on August 25, 2000.

ADDRESSES: A copy of the draft recovery plan is available from Layne Bolen, Protected Resources Division, NMFS, 9721 Executive Center Drive North, St. Petersburg, FL 33702–2439. Comments may also be sent via facsimile (fax) to 727–570–5517, but they will not be accepted if submitted via e-mail or Internet.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Layne Bolen at 850–234–6541 ext 237, Dr. Judson Kenworthy at 252–728–8750, or Marta Nammack at 301–713–1401 ext 116, or send a request via electronic mail to jsg.info@noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

Johnson's seagrass, *H. johnsonii*, is a marine plant species found growing along approximately 200 km of coastline in southeastern Florida between Sebastian Inlet and north Biscayne Bay. It is listed as threatened under the Endangered Species Act (ESA). *H. johnsonii* is the first marine plant to be listed under the ESA. The ESA requires NMFS to develop and implement recovery plans for most species.

The draft recovery plan contains a synopsis of the biology and distribution of Johnson's seagrass, a description of factors affecting species recovery, an outline of actions needed to recover the species, and an implementation schedule for completing the recovery tasks.

Public Comments Solicited

NMFS intends that the final recovery plan will take advantage of information and recommendations from all interested parties. Therefore, comments and suggestions are solicited from the public, other concerned governmental agencies, the scientific community, industry, and any other person interested in the development of the recovery plan.

Authority: 16 U.S.C. 1531–1543 *et seq.* Dated: June 19, 2000.

Penelope D. Dalton,

Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service. [FR Doc. 00–16112 Filed 6–23–00; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 3510–22–F

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

United States Patent and Trademark Office

Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request

The United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for clearance the following proposal for collection of information under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. Chapter 35).

Agency:United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO).

Title: Patent Processing (Updating) (Proposed Additions of Request for Continued Examination and Reconstruction of Unlocatable Application and Patent Files).

Form Numbers: PTO/SB/30. Agency Approval Number: 0651– 0031.

Type of Request: Revision of a currently approved collection.

Burden: 1,018,736 hours.

Number of Respondents: 2,231,365 respondents.

Avg. Hours Per Response: The USPTO estimates that it will take the public 12 minutes to gather, prepare, and submit a request for continued examination. The USPTO estimates that it will take the public one hour to gather, prepare, and submit a copy of the applicant's record of the application or patent file.

Needs and Uses: This collection of information is required by 35 U.S.C. 132, which has been amended by the "American Inventors Protection Act of 1999." Specifically, the "American Inventors Protection Act of 1999" amends U.S.C. 132 to provide that the USPTO may prescribe regulations for the continued examination of applications (for a fee) at the request of the applicant. The USPTO has created a form for these requests which applicants can submit instead of filing a continued prosecution application. The USPTO uses these forms to process and initiate continued examination of a previously submitted application. In addition, the USPTO is publishing an interim rule associated with this information collection that allows the USPTO to request a copy of the record of the correspondence between the USPTO and the applicant or patentee in order to reconstruct application or patent files that are misplaced and cannot be found after a diligent search. Reconstructing the misplaced application or patent file allows the USPTO to continue prosecuting a patent application. If applicants do not respond to the USPTO